

APPENDIX - IV

TABLES OVERVIEW

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TABLE 1 · RULE 15
Calling of Penalties - Summary of Penalties to Coaches and Team personnel

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Hitting the boards or glass with a stick or any other object	39.3(I), 75.3(II)
Interference with an opponent or the puck while play is in progress	56.3
Interference with an opponent or the puck while the Goalkeeper has been removed	56.7, 56.8
Interfering with a Game Official	39.3(III)
Leaving the bench by stepping onto the ice before the end of the period	70.5
Obscene language or gestures	39.3(II), 39.5(II),(VIII),(IX), 75.3(III), 75.5(II), (III), (V)
Physical abuse of an Official	40.7
Refusing to start play (Teams in their dressing room)	73.1, 73.3
Refusing to start play (Teams on the ice)	73.1, 73.2
Throwing any object onto the ice (unsportsmanlike conduct)	75.1, 75.3
Throwing stick (breakaway on an open net)	53.8
Throwing stick (Defending Zone)	53.7

TABLE 2 · RULE 16
Summary of Minor Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Aggressor	46.3, 46.4	Boarding	41.2
Broken stick	10.3	Charging	42.2
Clipping	44.2	Closing hand on puck	67.2
Concealing puck with hand	67.2, al. 2 (II)	Cross-checking	59.2
Delay of Game	63.2	Elbowing	45.2

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TABLE 2 · RULE 16
Summary of Minor Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Interference on the Goalkeeper	69.2	High-sticking	60.2
Holding	54.2	Holding the stick	54.2
Hooking	55.2	Illegal Check to the Head or Neck	48.2
Illegal Equipment	9.6, 12, 65.2	Illegal stick	10.5, 10.6
Instigator / Initiator	46.3	Interference	56.2
Kneeing	50.2	Leaving Penalty Box too early	70.4
Leaving the Goal Crease (Goalkeeper)	27.6	Participating beyond the Center Line (Goalkeeper)	27.7
Roughing	51.2	Slashing	61.2
Throwing puck towards opponent's goal	67.3 .3 al. 2 (III)	Throwing Equipment	53.2
Tripping	57.2	Use of hand on "face-off"	67.2, al. 3 (I)
Unsportsmanlike Conduct	75.2		

TABLE 3 · RULE 17
Summary of Bench Minor Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Abuse of Officials	39.3	Delay of Game	63.3
Deliberate illegal substitution	74.4	Face-off violation	76.4, 76.6, 76.7
Illegal substitution	68.2	Interference from players' bench/penalty box	56.3
Leaving bench at start of game & period	86.2, 86.8	Refusing to start play	73.2, 73.3
Stepping onto ice during period (Coach)	70.5	Throwing objects onto ice	75.3
Too many players on the ice	70.4, 74.1, 74.2, 74.3	Unsportsmanlike Conduct	75.3
Unsustained request for stick measure	10.5, 10.6		

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TABLE 4 · RULE 18.3
Summary of Double-minor Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Butt-ending (attempt, no contact)	58.2	Delay of Game (Coach's challenge)	38.8
Head-butting (attempt, no contact)	47.2	High-sticking (accidental, injury)	60.3
Spearing (attempt, no contact)	62.2		

TABLE 5 · RULE 20
Summary of Major Penalties (without a Game Misconduct possible)

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Fighting (not a willing combatant)	46.6		

TABLE 6 · RULE 20
Summary of Major Penalties that Result in an Automatic Game Misconduct

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Butt-ending	58.5	Checking from Behind	43.5
Clipping	44.5	Cross-checking	59.5
Fighting	46.1	Head-butting	47.5
Hooking	55.4	Kneeing	50.5
Slashing	61.5	Spearing	62.5

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TABLE 7 · RULE 20
Summary of Major Penalties that Result in a Game Misconduct based on the Referee's Judgement

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Boarding	41.5	Charging	42.5
Elbowing	45.5	Interference	56.6

TABLE 8 - RULE 21
Match Penalties - Rules where Match Penalty is Referenced

DESCRIPTION	RULE	DESCRIPTION	RULE
Boarding	41.4	Butt-ending	58.4
Charging	42.4	Checking from Behind	43.4
Clipping	44.4	Cross-checking	59.4
Elbowing	45.4	Fighting (Dangerous puncher- "Sucker Puncher")	46.5
Goalkeeper who uses their blocking glove to punch an opponent (Roughing)	51.3	Head-butting	47.4
High-sticking	60.4	Illegal Check to the Head	48.5
Interference	56.5	Kicking an opponent	49.3
Kneeing	50.4	Slashing	61.4
Slew-footing	52.2	Spearing	62.4
Throwing Equipment	53.6	Tripping	57.4

TABLE 9 - RULE 22
Summary of Misconduct Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Banging boards with stick in protest of an Official's ruling	39.2 (IV), 39.4 (IV),-(VII)

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TABLE 9 · RULE 22
Summary of Misconduct Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Hitting the boards or glass with a stick or any other object	39.2 (IV), 39.4 (IV)&(VII)
Deliberately breaking stick or refusing to surrender stick for measurement	10.5, 10.6
Deliberately throwing any equipment (including stick) out of playing area	39.4 (VI), 75.4 (II)
Entering or remaining in the On-ice Officials Crease	39.4 (V)
Inciting an opponent into incurring a penalty	75.4 (III)
Interfering or distracting opponent taking a Penalty Shot (Second violation)	24.4
Knocking or shooting puck out of reach of an Official	39.4 (II)
Leaving bench to protest	6.1
Refusing to change non-regulation piece of protective equipment (after warning)	9.5
Use of profane or abusive language	75.4 (I)
Verbal abuse towards an Official	39.4 (I)

TABLE 10 · RULE 23
Summary of Game Misconduct Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Biting an opponent or spectator	23.8
Butt-ending	58.5
Charging	42.5
Clipping	44.5
Continues or attempts to continue a fight	46.1
Cross-checking	59.5
Elbowing	45.5
Fighting off the playing surface	46.11
Interfering with or striking a spectator	23,8.

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TABLE 10 · RULE 23
Summary of Game Misconduct Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Interfering with or striking a spectator	23.8
Racial taunts or slurs or sexual remarks	23.8
Spitting, smearing blood on or at an opponent or spectator	23.8

Table 10 · Rule 23
Summary of Game Misconduct Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULES
First or second player to leave the players' bench during or to start an altercation	70.3
First to intervene in an altercation (third player in)	46.7
Head-butting	47.5
Hooking	55.4
Interference	56.6
Kneeing	50.5
Leaving the penalty box during an altercation	39.5 (V), 70.4, 70.6
Obscene language or gestures	39.5 (II)
Persists to challenge or dispute Official's ruling	39.5 (I)
Physically abuses an Official	39.5 (III), 40.1
Removing jersey Prior to an altercation	46.13
Slashing	61.5
Spearing	62.5
Second Major Penalty in a game	20.4, 27.2
Throwing Stick or Equipment outside the playing area	39.5 (VI), 53.2 (IV), 53.5

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TABLE 11 · RULE 25
Summary of “Penalty Shots”

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Deliberate illegal substitution	68.3, 74.4
Player Intentionally dislodging the net from its moorings when the penalty cannot be served in its entirety within regulation time	63.6
Falling on the puck in the Goal Crease	63.6, 67.4, 69.7
Picking up the puck with the hand in the Goal Crease	63.6, 67.2 (II), 67.4
Player on a “break-away” who is interfered with by an object thrown or shot by defending Team	53.7, 56.7
Player on a breakaway who is Interfered with by a player who has Illegally entered game	70.7
Player throws or shoots stick or an object at the puck in their Defending Zone	53.7
Player who is fouled from behind	24.8, 54.3, 55.5, 57.6, 61.6

TABLE 12 · RULE 26
Awarded Goals Summary of Awarded Goals (when Goalkeeper has been removed for an extra Attacker)

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Delaying the game (Goal post displaced)	63.7
Illegal substitution	68.4, 70.8
Interference	56.8
Throwing stick or other object	53.8
Fouling from behind (including hooking, holding, slashing, tripping, etc.)	54.4, 55.6, 57.7, 61.7

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TABLE 12.1 · RULE 26
Awarded Goals Summary of Awarded Goals (when Goalkeeper is on the ice)

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Removing face mask on a Penalty Shot	9.6
Dislodging Goal Posts on a break away or at a imminent scoring opportunity	63.7

TABLE 13 · RULE 28
Goalkeeper Penalties Summary of Goalkeeper Penalties

DESCRIPTION	RULES
Illegal stick	10.4
Illegal equipment	9, 12.1
Leaving crease during an altercation	27.6
Participates in the play beyond the Center Line	27.7
Playing puck outside restricted area	1, 27.8, 63.2 (VIII)
Proceeds to Players' Bench to replace stick	10.4
Deliberately shoots or bats puck out of play	63.2 (II)
Deliberately "freezes" the puck inside or outside the Goal Crease	63.2 (I), (VI) & (VII), 67.3 (I) & (II)
Deliberately drops the puck in their pads or on the goal net	67.3 (IV)
Piling snow or other obstacles	67.3 (V)
Throwing the puck towards opponent's goal	67.3 (III)
Using blocking glove to punch an opponent (Roughing)	51.3

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TABLE 14 · RULE 16
Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team
Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
A One Player with a Double-minor Penalty					
A 1	3:00	A15 – 2+2	GOAL	No Player returns	First penalty ends,
	4:30				
A 2	3:00	A15 – 2+2	GOAL	A15 returns	The first penalty has expired,
	5:30				
B One Player with a Minor and a Major Penalty					
B 1	3:00	A15 – 5+2	GOAL	No penalty terminates	The Major Penalty must be served first.
	4:30				
B 2	3:00	A15 – 5+2	GOAL	A15 returns	The first penalty has expired,
	8:30				
C Two Players of the Same Team – combination of minor and major penalties - signaled (S*)					
C 1	3:00	A15 – 2	GOAL	A15 returns	,
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30				
C 2	3:00	A15 – 2	GOAL	A15 returns	,
	4:00	A23 – 5			
	4:30				
C 3	3:00	A15 – 5	GOAL	A23 returns	,
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30				

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TABLE 14 · RULE 16

Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
C Two Players of the same Team – combination of minor and major penalties - signaled (S*)					
C 4	3:00	A15 – 2+2			
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL	No Player returns	
	5:30		GOAL	A23 returns	The first minor to A15 ends. A23 returns because they have the least amount of time to serve in their Minor Penalty.
C 5	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	The signaled Double-minor Penalty to A23 is assessed at 4:30.
	(S*)	A23 – 2+2			
	4:30		GOAL		
C 6	3:00	A15 – 5+2		A23 returns	A15 must first serve the Major Penalty. A23 returns as their are serving a Minor Penalty.
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
C 7	3:00	A15 – 5+2		A23 returns	Least amount of time to serve.
	7:30	A23 – 2			
	8:30		GOAL		
C 8	3:00	A15 – 5+2		Both A15 and	The Major Penalty to A15 has expired. Their Minor Penalty ends with the goal. A23's Minor Penalty has expired.
	6:00	A23 – 2		A23 return	
	8:00		GOAL		
C 9	3:00	A15 – 5+2		Captain's choice	The Major Penalty to A15 has expired. Both minors terminate at the same time
	8:00	A23 – 2			
	9:00		GOAL		

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Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
D Three Players of the same Team – delayed (D*) or signaled (S*) penalty (no stoppage of play)					
D 1	3:00	A15 – 2			
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:00	A6 – 2(D*)			
	4:30		GOAL	A15 returns	Delayed penalty to A6 begins at 4:30.
	5:00		GOAL	A23 returns	
	5:30		GOAL	A6 returns	
D 2	3:00	A15 – 2			
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	(S*)	A6 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL	A15 returns and the penalty to A6 starts.	
	5:00		GOAL	A23 returns and A6 remains in the Penalty Box.	
D 3	3:00	A15 – 5			
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	(S*)	A6 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL	A23 returns and the penalty to A6 starts	
D 4	3:00	A15 – 5			
	7:30	A23 – 2			
	(S*)	A6 – 2			
	8:00		GOAL	A15 and A23 return and the penalty to A6 starts	The Major Penalty to A15 is completed. The Minor Penalty to A23 ends on the scoring of the goal.

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Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
E One Player from each Team – combination of minors and majors					
E 1	3:00	A15 - 2			
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		
	5:00		GOAL	No Player returns A15 returns	Teams are at equal strength. Their Minor Penalty has been completed.
E 2	3:00	A15 – 5+2		No Player returns	Teams are at equal strength.
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		
E 3	3:00	A15 – 5+2		No Player returns	The Major Penalty to A15 is complete but the Teams remain at equal strength.
	7:30		B12 – 2		
	8:00		GOAL		
E 4	3:00	A15 – 2+2			
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL	No Player returns	Teams are at equal strength
	5:00		GOAL	No Player returns	The first minor to A15 is completed but Teams remain at equal strength.
	5:30		GOAL	A15 returns	The first Minor Penalty to A15 and that of B12 are complete. The second Minor Penalty to A15 ends with the goal.

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TABLE 14 · RULE 16
Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team
Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
E One Player from each Team – combination of minors and majors					
E 5	3:00	A15 – 5+2		A15 returns	The Major Penalty to A15 and the Minor Penalty to B12 have expired. The Minor Penalty to A15 ends on the scoring of the goal.
	6:00		B12 – 2		
	8:00		GOAL		
E 6	3:00	A15 – 2		No player returns,	The goal nullifies the signaled penalty to A23 (Reason: Team A was not short-handed).
	3:30		B12 – 2	A23 penalty is	
	(S*) 4:10	A23 – 2		cancelled	
			GOAL		
F Unequal number of Players – combination of minors and majors:					
F 1	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	They had the least amount of time to serve in their Minor Penalty.
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
F 2	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	Their Minor Penalty is completed. Teams are at equal strength at the time of the goal.
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	5:00		GOAL		
F 3	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:00		B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		
F 4	3:00		B12 – 2	A15 returns	Least amount of time to serve in their Minor Penalty.
	3:30	A15 – 2			
	4:00	A23 – 5			
	4:30		GOAL		

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Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
F Unequal number of Players – combination of minors and majors:					
F 5	3:00		B12 – 2		
	3:30	A15 – 2			
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL	A15 returns	Least amount of time to serve in their Minor Penalty.
	5:00		GOAL	A23 returns	
F 6	3:00	A15 – 5		A23 returns	Least amount of time (and Team A is short-handed by reason of a Minor Penalty).
	3:30		B12 – 5		
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
F 7	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	Least amount of time (and Team A is short-handed by reason of a Minor Penalty).
	3:30		B12 – 5		
	4:00	A23 – 5			
	4:30		GOAL		
F 8	3:00	A15 – 5		A23 returns	Short-handed by reason of a Minor Penalty.
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:00		B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		
F 9	3:00	A15 – 5		A23 returns	Short-handed by reason of a Minor Penalty.
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
F 10	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	Short-handed by reason of a Minor Penalty.
	3:30	A23 – 5			
	4:00		B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		



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TABLE 14 · RULE 16

Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
F Unequal number of Players – combination of minors and majors:					
F 11	3:00		B12 – 5	A15 returns	Least amount of time.
	3:30	A15 – 2			
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
F 12	3:00	A15 – 2+2		No Player returns	First Minor Penalty to A15 ends.
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	4:30		Goal		
F 13	3:00	A15 – 2			The penalty to A6 begins at 4:00. Least amount of time.
	3:15	A23 – 2			
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	3:45	A6 – 2(D*)			
	4:00		GOAL	A15 returns	
	4:30		GOAL	A23 returns	
F 14	3:00	A15 – 2	B12 – 2	A23 returns	Penalties to A6 and B3 are not on the clock.
	3:15	A23 – 2			
	3:30	A6 – 2	B3 – 2		
	5:10		GOAL		
F 15	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	The Minor Penalty to A6 begins at 4:30.
	3:30		B12 – 2		
	4:00	A23 – 2			
	(S*)	A6 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		

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Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
G Coincident penalties – equal number of Players on each Team:					
G 1	3:00	A15 – 5+2	B12 – 2+2	No Player returns	Teams are at equal strength.
	4:30		GOAL		
G 2	3:00	A15 – 2+5	B12 – 5	The substitute for A15 returns	Coincidental major penalties
	4:30		GOAL		
G 3	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	Coincidental penalties are not on the clock
	3:30	A23 – 2	B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		
G 4	3:00	A15 – 2	B12 – 2	A23 returns	
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 5	3:00	A15 – 2	B12 – 2	No Player returns	Team A is short-handed, however, it is with a major penalty.
	3:30	A23 – 5			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 6	3:00	A15 – 2	B12 – 5	A15 returns	Team A is below the numerical strength of its opponent. Minor penalty to A15 expires on the scoring of the goal.
	3:30	A23 – 5			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 7	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 8	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	
	3:30	A23 – 5	B12 – 5		
	4:30		GOAL		

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Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team
Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
G Coincident penalties – equal number of Players on each Team:					
G 9	3:00	A15 – 5		No Player returns	A15 is serving a major penalty. A23 and B12 are serving a minor penalties.
	3:30	A23 – 2	B12 – 2		
	4:30		GOAL		
G 10	3:00	A15 – 5	B12 – 5	A23 returns	Short-handed by reason of a minor penalty.
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 11	3:00	A15 – 2+2	B12 – 5	No Player returns	First minor penalty to A15 is eliminated.
	3:30	A23 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 12	3:00	A15 – 2	B12 – 2	Penalty to A26 is not assessed (unless it is a major or match penalty)	
	3:30	A23 – 5			
	(S*)	A26 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 13	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	Penalties to A23 and B12 are not on the clock.
	3:30	A23 – 2	B12 – 2		
	4:00	A26 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
	4:45		GOAL		
G 14	3:00	A15 – 2		A15 returns	The minor penalty to A26 begins at 4:30. The penalties to A23 and B12 are not on the clock.
	3:30	A23 – 2	B12 – 2		
	(S*)	A26 – 2			
	4:30		GOAL		
G 15	3:00	A15 – 2+2	B12 – 2	Minor penalty to A15 is eliminated	Team A would have placed an additional player in the penalty box to serve the extra minor penalty to A15.
			GOAL		

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Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
H Coincident penalties – unequal number of Players on each Team:					
H 1	3:00	A15 – 2 A23 – 2	B12 – 2	Captain's choice	This choice must be made at the time of assessment of the penalties.
	4:30		Goal		
H 2	3:00	A15 – 2 A23 – 5	B12 – 2	No Player returns	The Major Penalty makes the Team short-handed. The penalties to A15 and B12 do not go on the clock
	4:30		Goal		
H 3	3:00	A15 – 2 A23 – 2	B12 – 5	Captain's choice	The Minor Penalties end at the same time.
	3:30		Goal		
H 4	3:00	A15 – 2 A23 – 5	B12 – 5	A15 returns	Major penalties are coincidental and do not go on the clock.
	4:30		Goal		
H 5	3:00	A15 – 5 A23 – 2	B12 – 2	No Player returns.	Coincidental Minor Penalties. Team A is short-handed by reason of the Major Penalty. Penalties to A23 and B12 do not go on the clock.
	4:30		Goal		
H 6	3:00	A15 – 2+2 A23 – 2	B12 – 2	Captain's choice. The	Depending on the choice made by Team A, A23 may return or the first Minor Penalty to A15 will end with the scoring of the goal, or the replacement Player serving the extra minor to A15 will return.
	4:30		Goal	Minor Penalty to B12 can cancel any one of the Minor Penalties assessed to the two Players on Team A.	

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 14 · RULE 16

Minor Penalties Goals scored against short-handed Team

Minor Penalty expiration criteria:

- A. Is the Team scored against, short-handed?
- B. Are they serving a Minor Penalty on the clock?
- C. If the answer is yes to a) and b), delete the Minor Penalty with the least amount of time on the clock, except when coincidental penalties are being served.

EXAMPLES	TIME	TEAM A	TEAM B	ANSWER	REMARKS
H Coincident penalties – unequal number of Players on each Team:					
H 7	3:00	A15 – 2 A23 – 2+2	B12 – 2	Captain's choice.	Depending on the choice made by Team A, A 15 may return or the first Minor Penalty to A 23 will end with the scoring of the goal, or the replacement Player serving the extra minor to A 23 will return.
	4:30		Goal	The Minor Penalty to B12 can cancel any one of the Minor Penalties assessed to the two Players on Team A.	
H 8	3:00	A15 – 2 A23 – 2 A6 – 2	B12 – 2		
	4:00		Goal	Captain's choice.	B12 and one of the Minor Penalties to Team A (depending on choice) will not go on the clock.
	4:30		Goal	Remaining Player returns	According to the choice made by Team A when the penalties were assessed.
H 9	3:00	A15 – 5 A23 – 2 A6 – 2	B12 – 2	Captain's choice.	Coincidental penalty rule applies to B12 and either A23 or A6 (and these penalties would not go on the clock).
	4:30		Goal		
H 10	4:00	A15 – 2	B12 – 2	No Player returns.	A23's first penalty terminates and A23's second penalty starts.
	4:30	A23 – 2+2			
	5:00		Goal		

NOTE: Coincident penalties must always be served in their entirety.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 15 · RULE 19 (1 OF 3) Be aware of specific rule interpolations during the last 5 minutes of the game and overtime.

Coincidental Penalties (all Penalties assessed at the same stoppage).

EXAMPLE	TEAM A	PENALTIES	TEAM B	PENALTIES	ON-ICE STRENGTH
1	A 3	2	B 10	2+2	Team B will play one Player short-handed for two minutes. Team B must place an additional Player to serve the extra Minor Penalty to B10.
2	A 3 A 5	2 2+2	B 10 B 12	2+2 2	Teams play at full strength.
3	A 3 A 5	2+2 5	B 10 B 12	2+2 5	Teams play at full strength.
4	A 3	2+5	B 10 B 12	2 5	Teams play at full strength
5	A 3 A 5	2+5 2	B 10 B 12	2 5	Team A will play one Player short-handed for two minutes. Team A Captain's choice to determine which penalty would go on the penalty time clock. Should A3 be chosen, then an additional Team A Player must be placed in the Penalty Box to serve the Minor Penalty for A3.
6	A 3 A 5	2+2 5	B 10	2+2	Team A one Player short-handed for five minutes.
7	A 3 A 5	2+2 2	B 10	2	Team A Captain's choice to play one Player short-handed for four minutes or two Players short-handed for two minutes. Should they choose the latter, an additional Team A Player must be placed in the Penalty Box to serve the Minor Penalty for A3.
8	A 9 A 24	2 2	B 2 B 18	2 2	Team B will be one Player short-handed for two minutes. Team B Captain's choice of which Player's time will go on the penalty time clock. If they choose B2, then Team B must place an additional Player in the Penalty Box to serve B2's Minor Penalty.
9	A 24	5	B 5	5	Teams play at full strength.
10	A 3	5	B 5 B 7	5 5	Team B short-handed for five minutes (Captain's choice).
11	A 3 A 4	5 5	B 5 B 7	5 5	Teams play at full strength.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 15 · RULE 19 (2 OF 3)
Coincidental Penalties (all Penalties assessed at the same stoppage)

EXAMPLE	TEAM A	PENALTIES	TEAM B	PENALTIES	ON-ICE STRENGTH
12	A 3	5+5	B 5	5	Team A short-handed for five minutes. Team A must place an additional Player in the Penalty Box to serve the extra Major Penalty.
13	A 3	5+5	B 5 B 7	5 5	Teams play at full strength.
14	A 3 A 4	5+5 5	B 7	5	Team A has the choice to cancel one of the two major penalties assessed to A3 or to simply cancel the one to A4. Should they choose A3, they will require an additional Player in the Penalty Box.
15	A 3 A 4	5+5 5	B 5 B 7	5 5	Team A will be short-handed for five minutes. Team choice to cancel majors assessed.
16	A 3	2+5	B 7	5	Team A must place another Player in the Penalty Box to serve the additional Minor Penalty to A3 immediately.
17	A 3	2+5	B 7	2+5	Teams play at full strength.
18	A 3	2+5	B 5 B 7	5 5	Teams play 4-4 for two (2) minutes (Team B Captain's choice of which Player's time will go on the penalty time clock), followed by Team B short-handed for three (3) min. Team A must place another Player in the Penalty box to serve the Minor Penalty
19	A 3	2	B 5	5	Teams play 4 - 4.
20	A 3	2+2	B 5	5	Teams play 4 - 4
21	A 3	5	B 5 B 7	2 2	Teams play 4-3
22	A 3 A 4	5 2	B 5 B 7	2+2 2	Captain's choice if the teams play 4-4 in 4 min. followed by 4-5 in 1 min. or 4-3 in 2 min. followed by 4-5 in 3 min
23	A 3	2+5	B 5	2+2+5	Team B will play "short-handed" for two (2) minutes. Team B will require an additional Player in the Penalty Box to serve the Minor Penalty.
24	A 3 A 4	2+5 5	B 5 B 7	5 5	Team A will play short-handed for two minutes. Team A will require an additional Player in the Penalty Box to serve the Minor Penalty.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 15 · RULE 19 (3 OF 3)
Coincidental Penalties (all Penalties assessed at the same stoppage)

EXAMPLE	TEAM A	PENALTIES	TEAM B	PENALTIES	ON-ICE STRENGTH
25	A 3 A 4	2+5 5	B 5 B 7	2+2+5 5+5	Team B will be short-handed either one Player for seven minutes or two Players, one for two minutes and one for five minutes (Captain's choice).
26	A 3	2+5+5	B 5 B 7	2+5 5	Teams play at full strength.
27	A 3 A 4	2+5 5	B 5	5	Team A will be short-handed, either one Player for seven minutes, or two Players, one for two minutes and one for five minutes (Captain's choice).
28	A 3	2+5+5	B 5 B 7	2+5 5	Teams play at full strength
29	A 5 A 6 A 7	2 5+5 5	B 12 B 13 B 14	5+5 2 5	Teams play at full strength.
30	A 3	2+10	B 5	2	Teams play 4 on 4.
31	A 3	2+10	B 5	2+10	Teams play 4 on 4.
32	A 3 A 4	2 10	B 5 B 7	5 10	Teams play 4 on 4.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 16 · RULE 69
Interference on the Goalkeeper Situations

DESCRIPTION	RESULT
Situation 1 - The Goalkeeper is inside the Goal Crease	
Situation 1A An attacking Player is standing in the Goal Crease when the puck enters the crease then crosses the Goal Line. In no way do they affect the Goalkeeper's ability to defend their goal.	Goal is allowed.
Situation 1B An attacking Player makes contact with the Goalkeeper however, no goal is scored on the play.	Play continues, no whistle.
Situation 1C An attacking Player makes incidental relevant contact with the Goalkeeper at the same time a goal is scored.	Goal is disallowed. The Referee in their judgment may call the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player. The announcement should be, "No goal due to interference with the Goalkeeper."
Situation 1D An attacking Player makes other than incidental contact with the Goalkeeper, however, no goal is scored on the play.	Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.
Situation 1E An attacking Player makes other than incidental contact with the Goalkeeper at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is disallowed. The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player. interference with the Goalkeeper."
Situation 2 - The Goalkeeper is outside the Goal Crease	
Situation 2 A An attacking Player makes incidental contact with the Goalkeeper; however, no goal is scored on the play.	Play continues, no whistle.
Situation 2 B An attacking Player makes incidental contact with the Goalkeeper at the same time a goal is scored.	Goal is allowed.
Situation 2 C An attacking Player makes other than incidental contact with the Goalkeeper, however, no goal is scored on the play.	The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.
Situation 2 d An attacking Player makes other than incidental contact with the goalkeeper at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is disallowed. The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 16 · RULE 69
Interference on the Goalkeeper Situations

DESCRIPTION	RESULT
Situation 3 - A Player forces another Player into the Goalkeeper, who is inside or outside the Goal Crease.	
Situation 3 A The attacking Player, after having made a reasonable effort to avoid contact , makes incidental contact with the Goalkeeper at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is allowed.
Situation 3 B The contact by the attacking Player with the Goalkeeper is other than incidental and the attacking Player, in the judgment of the Referee, did not make a reasonable effort to avoid such contact. However, no goal is scored on the play	The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.
Situation 3 C The contact by the attacking Player with the Goalkeeper is other than incidental and the attacking Player, in the judgment of the Referee, did not make a reasonable effort to avoid such contact at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is disallowed. The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.
Situation 3 D An attacking Player, through their actions pushes, shoves or fouls a defending Player into the Goalkeeper at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is disallowed. The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.
Situation 4 – Battle for loose puck with the Goalkeeper inside or outside the Goal Crease.	
Situation 4 A An attacking Player makes incidental contact with the Goalkeeper while both are attempting to play a loose puck at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is allowed.
Situation 4 B An attacking Player makes other than incidental contact with the Goalkeeper while both are attempting to play a loose puck at the time a goal is scored.	Goal is disallowed. The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 16 · RULE 69
Interference on the Goalkeeper Situations

DESCRIPTION	RESULT
Situation 5 – Screening situations	
<p>Situation 5 A</p> <p>An attacking Player skates in front of the Goalkeeper at the top of the Goal Crease, at the same time a goal is being scored. The attacking Player remains in motion and does not maintain a significant position in the crease in front of the Goalkeeper.</p>	<p>Goal is allowed.</p>
<p>Situation 5 B</p> <p>An attacking Player skates in front of the Goalkeeper, well inside the crease, at the same time a goal is being scored. The attacking Player remains in motion and, in the judgment of the Referee, maintains a significant position in the crease impairing the Goalkeeper's ability to defend their goal.</p>	<p>Goal is disallowed. The announcement should be, "No goal due to interference with the Goalkeeper."</p>
<p>Situation 5 C</p> <p>An attacking Player skates in front of the Goalkeeper, outside the crease, at the same time a goal is being scored. The attacking Player remains in motion and impairs the Goalkeeper's ability to defend their goal.</p>	<p>Goal is allowed.</p>
<p>Situation 5 D</p> <p>An attacking Player plants themselves within the Goal Crease, as to obstruct the Goalkeeper's vision and impair their ability to defend their goal, and a goal is scored.</p>	<p>Goal is disallowed. The announcement should be, "No goal due to interference with the Goalkeeper."</p>
<p>Situation 5 E</p> <p>An attacking Player plants themselves on the crease line or outside the Goal Crease, as to obstruct the Goalkeeper's vision and impair their ability to defend their goal, and a goal is scored.</p>	<p>Goal is allowed.</p>

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 16 · RULE 69
Interference on the Goalkeeper Situations

DESCRIPTION	RESULT
Situation 6 - Crowding the Goalkeeper	
<p>Situation 6 A</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player to establish position in the crease and the attacking Player vacates the position immediately. No goal is scored on the play.</p>	Play continues, no whistle.
<p>Situation 6 B</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player to establish position in the crease and the attacking Player does not vacate the position, however, no goal is scored on the play. A possible penalty depends on the Referee's judgment as to the degree of contact and degree of resistance with the attacking Player and whether the Goalkeeper was truly trying to establish a position.</p>	The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player. This Player runs the risk of "bad things" happening by being in the crease.
<p>Situation 6 C</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player in the crease to establish position and the attacking Player vacates the position immediately at the time a goal is scored. Even though the attacking Player vacates their position immediately, the contact impairs the Goalkeeper's ability to defend their goal.</p>	Goal is disallowed. The announcement should be, "No goal due to interference"
<p>Situation 6 D</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player to establish position in the crease and the attacking Player refuses to give ground at the time a goal is scored.</p>	Goal is disallowed. A Minor Penalty is not assessed (loss of goal only). The announcement should be, "No goal due to interference with the Goalkeeper."
<p>Situation 6 E</p> <p>A Goalkeeper deliberately initiates contact with an attacking Player other than to establish position in the crease, or otherwise acts to make unnecessary contact with the attacking Player.</p>	The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the Goalkeeper.

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 16 · RULE 69
Interference on the Goalkeeper Situations

DESCRIPTION	RESULT
Situation 6 - Crowding the Goalkeeper	
<p>Situation 6 F</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player to establish position in the crease by using excessive force or acting in a manner which would otherwise warrant a penalty, and the attacking Player refuses to give ground at the time a goal is scored.</p>	<p>The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty/penalties to the Goalkeeper and/or attacking Player. In this situation, the Referee would emphatically display to Players and the fans that they were calling penalties before the puck entered the net, and thus the play was dead at the time the infractions occurred and thus stated there is no goal.</p>
<p>Situation 6 G</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player to establish position in the crease by using excessive force or acting in a manner which would otherwise warrant a penalty, and the attacking Player vacates the crease at the time a goal is scored.</p>	<p>Goal is disallowed. Additionally, the Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the Goalkeeper.</p> <p>This is an example where the attacking Player has prevented the Goalkeeper from doing their job by being in the crease. The announcement should be, “No goal due to interference with the Goalkeeper (plus the announcement of the Goalkeeper’s penalty).”</p>
<p>Situation 6 H</p> <p>A Goalkeeper initiates contact with an attacking Player to establish position in the crease by using excessive force or acting in a manner which would otherwise warrant a penalty and the attacking Player vacates the crease, but no goal is scored.</p>	<p>The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the Goalkeeper.</p>
Situation 7 - Contact with the Goalkeeper	
<p>Situation 7 A</p> <p>An attacking Player initiates contact with the Goalkeeper, inside or outside the Goal Crease, in a fashion that would otherwise warrant a penalty (e.g. “runs” the Goalkeeper).</p>	<p>The Referee in their judgment must assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.</p>
<p>Situation 7 B</p> <p>An attacking Player is in the crease and makes every effort to vacate the crease and the Goalkeeper initiates contact to embellish and draw a penalty. No goal is scored on the play.</p>	<p>This is a dive and a Minor Penalty to the Goalkeeper (diving/embellishment).</p>

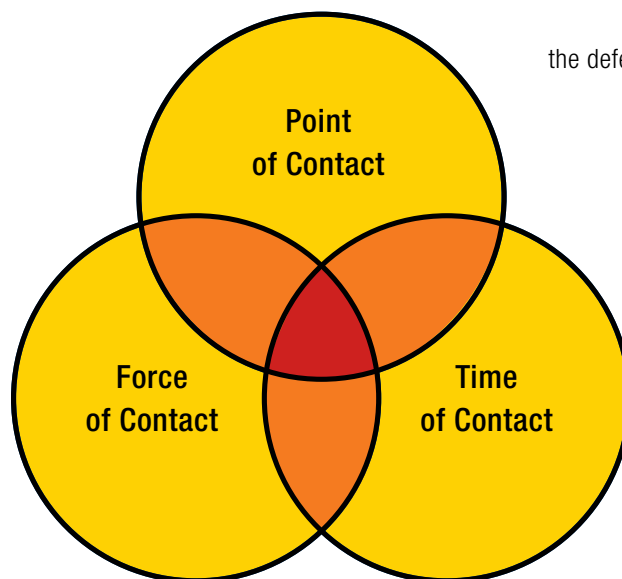
TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 16 · RULE 69
Interference on the Goalkeeper Situations

DESCRIPTION	RESULT
Situation 7 - Contact with the Goalkeeper	
Situation 7 C A defensive Player directs the puck into their own net while an attacking Player initiates contact with the Goalkeeper.	Goal is disallowed. Additionally, the Referee in their judgment shall assess the appropriate penalty to the attacking Player.
Situation 7 D A defensive Player directs the puck into their own net while an attacking Player is standing in the Goal Crease. The attacking Player does not affect the Goalkeeper's ability to make the save.	Goal is allowed.

RULE 69 Interference on the Goalkeeper - Definition “Relevant Incidental Contact”
Relevant Incidental Contact

The intersection of these three described actions is considered to be a “Relevant Contact”.


Force of the Contact

With what force and effectiveness was contact made with the goalkeeper?

The force application was effective to disrupt the goalkeeper's defensive work accordingly.

Point of the Contact

At what point (goalkeeper's body or equipment) was contact made? Is the point of contact essential for the defensive work of the goalkeeper?

Time of the Contact

At what point did the contact with the goalkeeper occur? Did the goalkeeper have the opportunity to reposition and to play their position?

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 17 · RULE 84 OVERTIME
Penalties in effect prior to the Start of Overtime – Round Robin or Preliminary Round games

EXAMPLES	TIME IN 3rd PERIOD	TEAM A	TEAM B	REMARKS
1	19:30	A 5 – 2	B 17 – 2	<p>The penalty times are removed from the penalty clock at the end of the third period and the Teams begin Overtime playing three 3 on 3.</p> <p>At first whistle following the expiration of the penalties, the penalized Players are released from the Penalty Box.</p>
2	19:10 19:50	A 5 – 2 A 7 – 2	B 17 – 2	<p>The Teams would begin the Overtime period playing 4 on 3. The penalty times for A5 and B17 are removed from the penalty clock. At the first stoppage of play following the expiration of the penalties to A5 and B17, these Players are released from the Penalty Box.</p>
3	19:10 19:25 19:40	A 5 – 2 A 7 – 2	B 17 – 2	<p>Overtime will begin with the Player strength of three (3) Skaters for Team A and four (4) Skaters for Team B. Through the normal expiration of penalty times, the penalized Players will return to the ice. With continuous play, the potential of reaching an on-ice strength of five (5) on five (5) is a possibility. However, the on-ice strength would be adjusted accordingly at the next stoppage of play.</p>
4	19:10 19:30 19:40	A 5 – 2 A 7 – 2	B 17 – 2 B 36 – 2	<p>Overtime will begin with the Player strength of three (3) on three (3). Penalties to A5 and B17 are removed from the penalty clock. Should there be a stoppage of play following the expiration of A5 and B17's penalties, these Players shall then be released from the Penalty Box. As the penalties to A7 and B36 expire, the on-ice strength could get to four (4) on four (4). At the next stoppage, the strength would be adjusted to three (3) on three (3).</p>

TABLES OVERVIEW

TABLE 17 · RULE 84 OVERTIME
Penalties in effect prior to the Start of Overtime – Round Robin or Preliminary Round games

EXAMPLES	TIME IN 3rd PERIOD	TEAM A	TEAM B	REMARKS
5	19:10	A 5 – 2		Overtime on-ice strength will begin at three (3) on three (3). Through the normal expiration of penalty times, the penalized Players will return to the ice. With continuous play, the potential of reaching an on-ice strength of five (5) on five (5) is a possibility. However, the on-ice strength would be adjusted accordingly at the next stoppage of play to either four (4) on three (3) or three (3) on three (3), as the situation dictates at that particular stoppage of play.
	19:20		B 17 – 2	
	19:30	A 7 – 2		
	19:50		B 36 – 2	

TABLE 18 · RULE 84 OVERTIME
Penalties assessed in Overtime

EXAMPLES	TIME IN Overtime	TEAM A	TEAM B	ON-ICE STRENGTH
1	00:30	A 23 - 2		Team A – 3 Skaters Team B – 4 Skaters
	01:00		B 17 – 2	Team A – 3 Skaters Team B – 3 Skaters
	01:30	A 7 - 2		Team A – 3 Skaters Team B – 4 Skaters

Once Team A has received their second Minor Penalty, each Team must add one Player to their on-ice strength. Should the penalty to A23 expire bringing the on-ice strength back to four (4) on four (4) and there is a subsequent stoppage of play, the on-ice strength must be adjusted down to three (3) on three (3) at this point.

However, if there is a stoppage of play once the penalty to B17 has expired (and before A7's expires), the on-ice strength would be adjusted to four (4) on three (3).

If there is no stoppage in play until both Teams have returned to five Skaters each, at the next stoppage of play the on-ice strength would be adjusted back down to three (3) on three (3).